

APPLICATION FOR A PERSONAL LICENCE

LICENSING ACT 2003

This guidance document is designed to help you, please read it all carefully. If the Council receives application forms or other documents that are incomplete or incorrect or documents are missing, the application will be returned to you.

To assist you, this guidance refers to documents by a quoting a reference number such as *Pers/02*. This reference number can be found by looking in the bottom right-hand corner of the various forms that have been sent to you.

You should be aware that to apply for a new Personal Licence you must have obtained an accredited personal licence qualification (i.e. either the BIIAB or GOAL, Level 2 National Certificate for Personal Licence Holders). Please contact the Council's Licensing Team to obtain further information.

If you wish to be authorised to sell or supply alcohol you must obtain a Personal Licence by completing the application form *Pers/02*. You must hold a Personal Licence to be permitted to act as a Designated Premises Supervisor for a licensed premises.

There is a checklist at the back of the application form to help you with what forms need to be completed.

Details of Previous Convictions

When you make your application you must disclose to the Council any relevant criminal convictions you have. This must be done on the form *Pers/04*. A list is included with this guidance explaining what offences are 'relevant offences'.

In addition to making the above declaration, applicants are also required to apply for a criminal record check. You can apply online at <u>https://www.acro.police.uk/subject_access.aspx</u> (free of charge) or alternatively visit <u>https://www.gov.uk/request-copy-criminal-record</u> (£25 fee)

In any case, the certificate or search results must be issued no earlier than one calendar month before submitting your application to the Council.

Qualifications

If you are applying for a new licence you must be able to prove that you have obtained an approved licensing qualification. You should contact the Council's Licensing Team for more information before making an application.

Photographs

Anyone applying for a Personal Licence must send to the Council two recent passport sized photographs taken against a light background so that the applicants features are distinguishable. These must be on photographic paper and one must be signed with a statement verifying the likeness of the photograph to the applicant by a solicitor, notary, a person of standing in the community or any individual with a professional qualification.

The Fee

The fee for a Personal Licence is £37. Once granted, the licence is valid indefinitely.

Application for a personal licence



Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written or typed in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary.

You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

1. Your personal details				
TITLE Please tick				
Mr 🗌 Mrs 🗌 Miss 🗌 Ms 🗌 Other (please state)				
Surname				
Forenames				
		e enter details of any previo separate sheet if necessary		or
TITLE Please	tick			
Mr 🗌 Mrs 🗌 Mi	ss 🗌 Ms 🗌 Other (ple	ease state)		
Surname				
Forenames				
Date of Birth				
Nationality				
I am 18 years ol	d or over. Please tick		Yes	No
		IDENT (We will use this add	lress to	
		plete the separate correspo		х
Post town		Post code		
TELEPHONE NUMBERS				
Daytime				
Evening				
Mobile				
FAX NUMBER				

E-MAIL ADDRESS (if you would prefer us to correspond with you by e-mail)

Where applicable (if demonstrating a right to work via the Home Office online right to work checking service), the 9-digit 'share code' provided to the applicant by that service (please see note 2 for information)

Address for correspondence associated with the address above)	n this application (if different to
Post town	Post code

IMBERS		
E-MAIL ADDRESS (if you would prefer us to correspond with you by e-mail)		

2. Your licensing qualifications	
Read Note 1	Please tick yes
Please indicate below which one of these statements applies to you:	
1. I hold an accredited licensing qualification	
2. I hold a certified qualification	
3. I hold an equivalent qualification	
4. I am a person of prescribed description	
If you have ticked either of statements 1, 2 or 3 please provide detail qualification in the box below (name of qualification, date of issue, iss please enclose your qualification with your application. If you have ticked statement 4, please provide evidence that you are prescribed description.	suing body) and

3. Previous or outstanding applications for a personal licence			
Note: You may only h	hold one personal licence at a time.	Please	e tick
Do you currently hold a personal licence?		Yes	No
Do you currently have any outstanding applications for a personal licence, with this or any other licensing authority?		Yes	No
Has any personal lice years?	ence held by you been forfeited in the last 5	Yes	No
Licensing Authority			
Licence number			
Date of issue			
Any further details			

4. CHECKLIST:		
I have Please tick y	<i>y</i> es	
 enclosed two photographs of myself, one of which is endorsed as a true likeness of me by a solicitor or notary, a person of standing in the community or any individual with a professional qualification 		
 enclosed any licensing qualification I hold or proof that I am a person of prescribed description 		
 enclosed a criminal conviction certificate or a criminal record certificate or the results of a subject access search of the police national computer by the National Identification Service 		
 enclosed a completed disclosure of criminal convictions and declaration form (Schedule 2) 		
 included a proof of my right to work in the United Kingdom or my share code issued by the Home Office online right to work checking service (see note 2) 		
 made or enclosed payment of the fee for the application 	\square	

5. Declaration

I am entitled to work in the UK and am not subject to a condition preventing me from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. I understand that my licence will become invalid if I cease to be entitled to live and work in the UK.

The information contained in this form is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

It is an offence to knowingly or recklessly to make a false statement in or in connection with an application for the grant of a personal licence. (A person is to be treated as making a false statement if he produces, furnishes, signs or otherwise makes use of a document that contains a false statement). To do so could result in prosecution and a fine of any amount. It is an offence under section 24B of the Immigration Act 1971 to work illegally.

SIGNATURE	DATE	

NOTES

Information on the Licensing Act 2003 is available on legislation.gov.uk or from your local licensing authority.

1. Licensing qualifications

Licensing qualifications are dealt with in section 120(8) and (9) of the Licensing Act 2003.

2. Right to work/immigration status:

A personal licence may not be issued to an individual or an individual in a partnership which is not a limited liability partnership who is resident in the UK who:

- does not have the right to live and work in the UK; or
- is subject to a condition preventing him or her from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

Any personal licence issued in respect of an application made on or after 6 April 2017 will become invalid if the holder ceases to be entitled to work in the UK.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have the right to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensing activity. They do this in one of two ways: 1) by providing with this application copies or scanned copies of the following documents listed below (which do not need to be certified), or 2) by providing their 'share code' to enable the licensing authority to carry out a check using the Home Office online right to work checking service (see below).

Documents which demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK

- An expired or current passport showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK [please see note below about which sections of the passport to copy].
- An expired or current passport or national identity card showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Registration Certificate or document certifying permanent residence issued by the Home Office to a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Permanent Residence Card issued by the Home Office to the family member of a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder indicating that the person named is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National

Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.

- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder which indicates that the named person can currently stay in the UK and is allowed to work relation to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Residence Card issued by the Home Office to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights or residence.
- A current Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A Certificate of Application, **less than 6 months old**, issued by the Home Office under regulation 17(3) or 18A (2) of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2006, to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence.
- Reasonable evidence that the person has an outstanding application to vary their permission to be in the UK with the Home Office such as the Home Office acknowledgement letter or proof of postage evidence, or reasonable evidence that the person has an appeal or administrative review pending on an immigration decision, such as an appeal or administrative review reference number.
- Reasonable evidence that a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence in exercising treaty rights in the UK including:-

- evidence of the applicant's own identity such as a passport,
- evidence of their relationship with the European Economic Area family member – e.g. a marriage certificate, civil partnership certificate or birth certificate, and
- evidence that the European Economic Area national has a right of permanent residence in the UK or is one of the following if they have been in the UK for more than 3 months:
 - (i) working e.g. employment contract, wage slips, letter from the employer,
 - (ii) self-employed e.g. contracts, invoices, or audited accounts with a bank,(iii) studying e.g. letter from the school, college or university and evidence of sufficient funds; or
 - (iv) self-sufficient e.g. bank statements.

Family members of European Economic Area nationals who are studying or financially independent must also provide evidence that the European Economic Area national and any family members hold comprehensive sickness insurance in the UK. This can include a private medical insurance policy, an EHIC card or an S1, S2 or S3 form.

Original documents must not be sent to licensing authorities. If the document copied is a passport, a copy of the following pages should be provided:-

- (i) any page containing the holder's personal details including nationality;
- (ii) any page containing the holder's photograph;
- (iii) any page containing the holder's signature;
- (iv) any page containing the date of expiry; and
- (v) any page containing information indicating the holder has permission to enter or remain in the UK and is permitted to work.

If the document is not a passport, a copy of the whole document should be provided.

Your right to work will be checked as part of your licensing application and this could involve us checking your immigration status with the Home Office. We may otherwise share information with the Home Office. Your licence application will not be determined until you have complied with this guidance.

Home Office online right to work checking service

As an alternative to providing a copy of the documents listed above, applicants may demonstrate their right to work by allowing the licensing authority to carry out a check with the Home Office online right to work checking service.

To demonstrate their right to work via the Home Office online right to work checking service, applicants should include in this application their 9-digit share code (provided to them upon accessing the service at <u>https://www.gov.uk/prove-right-to-work</u>) which, along with the applicant's date of birth (provided within this application), will allow the licensing authority to carry out the check.

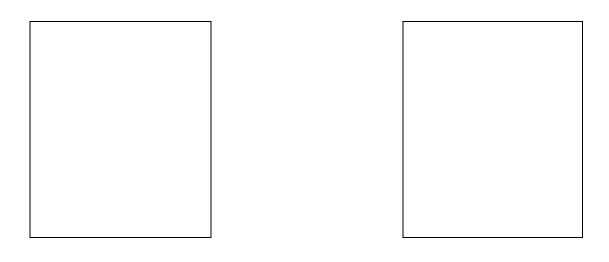
In order to establish the applicant's right to work, the check will need to indicate that the applicant is allowed to work in the United Kingdom and is not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

An online check will not be possible in all circumstances because not all applicants will have an immigration status that can be checked online. The Home Office online right to work checking service sets out what information and/or documentation applicants will need in order to access the service. Applicants who are unable to obtain a share code from the service should submit copy documents as set out above.

LICENSING ACT 2003

FROM THE ENDORSMENT OF PHOTOGRAPH FOR APPLICATION FOR GRANT OR RENEWAL OF PERSONAL LICENCE

Please <u>staple</u> both photographs in the spaces below <u>after</u> one of them has been endorsed with a Statement verifying the likeness of the photograph to the applicant. Please then ask the person endorsing the photograph to complete the details below.



Name of applicant in the above photograph	
Address of applicant in the above photograph	
Name of person who has endorsed the back of the photograph	
Address of the person who has endorsed the back of the photograph	
Status/Qualification of the person who has endorsed the back of the photograph	

LICENSING ACT 2003 SCHEDULE 4 SECTION 113

PERSONAL LICENCE: RELEVANT OFFENCES

An offence under this Act

An offence under any of the following enactments-

- a) Schedule 12 to the London Government Act 1963 (c.33) (public entertainment licensing);
- b) the Licensing Act 1964 (c.26);
- c) the Private Places of Entertainment (Licensing) Act 1967 (c.19);
- d) section 13 of the Theatres Act 1968 (c.54);
- e) the Late Night Refreshment Houses Act 1969 (c.53);
- f) section 6 of, or Schedule 1 to, the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 (c.30);
- g) the Licensing (Occasional Permissions) Act 1983 (c.24);
- h) the Cinemas Act 1985 (c.13);
- i) the London Local Authorities Act 1990 (c.vii).

An offence under the Firearms Act 1968 (c.27)

An offence under any of the following provisions of the Theft Act 1968 (c.60)-

- a) section 1 (theft);
- b) section 8 (robbery);
- c) section 9 (burglary);
- d) section 10 (aggravated burglary);
- e) section 11 (removal of articles from places open to the public);
- f) section 12a (aggravated vehicle-taking), in circumstances where subsection (2)(b) of that section applies and the accident caused the death of any person;
- g) section 13 (abstracting of electricity);
- h) section 15 (obtaining property by deception);
- i) section 15A (obtaining a money transfer by deception)
- j) section 16 (obtaining pecuniary advantage by deception)
- k) section 17 (false accounting)
- I) section 19 (false statements by company director etc);
- m) section 20 (suppression, etc. of documents);
- n) section 21 (blackmail);
- o) section 22 (handling stolen goods);
- p) section 24A (dishonesty retaining a wrongful credit);
- q) section 25 (going equipped for stealing etc.).

An offence under section 7(2) of the Gaming Act 1968 (c.65) (allowing child to take part in gaming on premises licensed for the sale of alcohol).

An offence under any of the following provisions of the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (c.38)-

- a) section 4(2) (production of a controlled drug);
- b) section 4(3) (supply of a controlled drug);
- c) section 5(3) (possession of a controlled drug with intent to supply);
- d) section 8 (permitting activities to take place on premises).

An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act 1978 (c.31)-

- a) section 1 (obtaining services by deception);
- b) section 2 (evasion of liability by deception).

An offence under either of the following provisions of the Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 (c.2)-

- a) section 170 (disregarding subsection (1)(a)) (fraudulent evasion of duty ect.);
- b) section 170B (taking preparatory steps for evasion of duty).

An offence under either of the following provisions of the Tobacco Products Duty Act 1979 (c.7)-

- a) section 8G (possession and sale of unmarked tobacco);
- b) section 8H (use of premises for sale of unmarked tobacco).

An offence under the Forgery and Counterfeiting Act 1981 (c.45) (other than an offence under section 18 or 19 of that Act).

An offence under the Firearms (Amendment) Act 1988 (c.45)

An offence under any of the following provisions of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (c.48)-

- a) section 107(I)(d)(iii) (pubic exhibition in the course of a business of article infringing copyright);
- b) section 107(3) (infringement of copyright by public performance of work etc.);
- c) section 198(2) (broadcast etc. of recording of performance made without sufficient consent);
- d) section 297(I) (fraudulent reception of transmission);
- e) section 297A(I) (supply etc, of unauthorised decoder).

An offence under any of the following provisions of the Road Traffic Act 1988 (c.52)-

- a) section 3A (causing death by careless driving while under the influence of drink or drugs);
- b) section 4 (driving etc. a vehicle when under the influence of drink or drugs);
- c) section 5 (driving etc. a vehicle with alcohol concentration above prescribed limit).

An offence under either of the following provisions of the Food Safety Act 1990 (c.16) in circumstances where the food in guestion is or includes alcohol-

- a) section 14 (selling food or drink not of the nature, substance or quality demanded);
- b) section 15 (falsely describing or presenting food or drink).

An offence under section 92(1) or (2) of the Trade Marks Act 1994 (c.26) (unauthorised use of trademark, etc. in relation to goods) in circumstances where the goods in question are or include alcohol.

An offence under the Firearms (Amendment) Act 1997 (c.5)

A sexual offence, being an offence-

- a) listed in Part 2 of Schedule 15 to the Criminal Justice Act 2003(b), other than the offence mentioned in paragraph 95 (an offence under section 4 of the Sexual Offences Act 1967 (procuring others to commit homosexual acts));
- b) an offence under section 8 of the Sexual Offences Act 1956 (intercourse with a defective);
- c) an offence under section 18 of the Sexual Offences Act 1956 (fraudulent abduction of an heiress).

A violent offence, being any offence which leads, or is intended or likely to lead, to a person's death or to physical injury to a person, including an offence which is required to be charged as arson (whether or not it would otherwise fall within this definition).

An offence under section 3 of the Private Security Industry Act 2001 (c.12) (engaging in certain activities relating to security without a licence).

An offence under section 1 of the Trade Description Act 1968 (c.29) (false trade description of goods) in circumstances where the goods in question are or include alcohol.

An offence under section 46 of the Gambling Act 2005 if the child or young person was invited, caused or permitted to gamble on premises in respect of which a premises licence under this Act had effect.

An offence under the Fraud Act 2006

An offence under regulation 6 of the Business Protection from Misleading Marketing Regulations 2008 (offence of misleading advertising) in circumstances where the advertising in question relates to alcohol or to goods that include alcohol

An offence under regulation 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12 of the Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008 (offences relating to unfair commercial practices) in circumstances where the commercial practice in question is directly connected with the promotion, sale or supply of alcohol or of a product that includes alcohol



Disclosure of convictions and civil immigration penalties and declaration

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written or typed in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary.

You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

1. Your personal details			
TITLE PI	ease tick 🗸		
Mr 🗌 Mrs 🗌	Mr 🗌 Mrs 🗌 Miss 🗌 Ms 🗌 Other (please state)		
Surname			
Forenames			
PREVIOUS NAMES (if relevant) please enter details of any previous names or maiden names. Please continue on a separate sheet if necessary.			
TITLE PI	ease tick 🗸		
Mr 🗌 Mrs 🗌	Miss 🗌 Ms 🗌 Other (please state)		
Surname			
Forenames			

2. Forfeiture by a court or revocation by a licensing authority of a personal licence in the last 5 years			
		ease tic	:k ✓
Has any personal licence held by you been forfeited or revoked in the last 5 years?			No □
Name of court/licensing			
authority			
Address of court			
Date of			
forfeiture/revocation			
Offence which resulted			
in the			
forfeiture/revocation			
Any additional details			

3. Relevant or foreign offences and civil immigration penalties		
Read Note 1 Please	e tick 🗸	
Have you been convicted of any relevant offence or foreign offence or been required to pay a civil immigration penalty?Yes	S No	
If you have been convicted of any relevant offence you must provide details conviction of the date of conviction, the name and location of the convicting offence of which you were convicted and the sentence imposed:		
If you have been convicted of any foreign offence you must provide details for conviction of the date of conviction, the name and location of the convicting of offence of which you were convicted and the sentence imposed:		
If you have been convicted of any foreign offence you must provide details for conviction of the date of conviction, the name and location of the convicting offence of which you were convicted and the sentence imposed:		

4. Declaration

I declare that I have not been convicted of any relevant offence or any foreign offence or been required to pay a civil immigration penalty

SIGNATURE	DATE	

5. Declaration

The information contained in this form is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

It is an offence knowingly or recklessly to make a false statement in or in connection with an application for the grant or renewal of a personal licence. A person is to be treated as making a false statement if he produces, furnishes, signs or otherwise makes use of a document that contains a false statement. To do so could result in prosecution and a fine of any amount. It is an offence under section 24B of the Immigration Act 1971 to work illegally.

SIGNATURE	DATE	

NOTES

1. Relevant or foreign offences

Relevant offences are the offences listed in Schedule 4 to the Licensing Act 2003:

The meaning of **foreign offence** is dealt with in section 113 of the Licensing Act 2003.

If you are the holder of a justices' licence and you are applying for a personal licence under regulation 8 of the Licensing Act (Personal licences) Regulations 2005 see paragraphs 23 and 28 in Part 3 of Schedule 8 to the Licensing Act 2003 for the information you are required to give.

If you are convicted of any relevant or foreign offence during the period between when your application is made and when your application is determined or withdrawn, you must notify the authority to which your application was made. Failure to do so without reasonable excuse could lead to prosecution and a fine not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale.

2. Civil immigration penalty

An Immigration penalty means a penalty under either section 15 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006 or section 23 of the Immigration Act 2014.