Hartlepool Psychology Team - Support and Advice

COVID-19 (CORONAVIRUS)
SUPPORTING CHILDREN AND YOUNG
PEOPLE WITH ADDITIONAL AND
COMPLEX NEEDS INCLUDING LEARNING
DIFFICULTIES, AUTISM AND SOCIAL
COMMUNICATION NEEDS
GUIDANCE FOR PARENTS AND
SCHOOL STAFF



As a service, the Hartlepool Psychology Team have brought together our knowledge and collated information from reputable resources to support you in school and at home during this uncertain time. We are aware there is a lot of information available via social media, however, we recognise that this can feel overwhelming and parents can be unsure about what advice to follow. We hope you find this a simple, clear guide to supporting your child at home.

Advice for school staff and parents in response to Coronavirus.

The current Covid-19 situation is likely to be a stressful and worrying time for many children and young people. A number of factors will contribute to this:

- Being out of school for an indeterminate length of time, with reduced access to outdoor play facilities and social spaces.
- Families living in close proximity for extended periods of time.
- Uncertainty around when they will return to school, see wider familiar adults and their friends.
- A lack of control around how it might impact them and wider people they are close to.
- News and social media sources providing conflicting evidence and potentially sensationalising the impact of the virus.

Advice for parents

Below is a selection of some useful resources to share with your child. Talking to children using stories or through visuals often supports their understanding and provides a conversation tool. These stories often prompt further questions and discussion.

Every child is different in terms of their awareness, understanding and verbal abilities. However regardless of their needs they are likely to have sensed change and anxiety in the recent weeks. We have found that children can show their awareness, uncertainty and emotions in a number of ways such as physical symptoms (i.e. poorly tummy), acting out ('challenging' behaviour) and withdrawal behaviour (becoming very quiet, not wanting to join in at home). Different reactions are normal and are ok. Being attuned to your child and recognising changes in behaviour will help you understand how they are coping.



For some children they will benefit from some basic, clear and reassuring advice about the current pandemic. It is likely they will have over heard conversations and have some information already. This in itself may be causing uncertainty and anxiety.

For other children, they may be aware of changes in routine, such as school being closed and not being able to go to their favourite activities but will not be able to understand information linked to the pandemic. It is important for all of our children, regardless of understanding, that we create <u>safety and reassurance</u> by providing as much <u>predictability</u>, <u>routine</u> and <u>structure</u> as possible.

Don't use all resources at once but as a parent or supporting adult in school assess what you think will be most useful in a given moment.

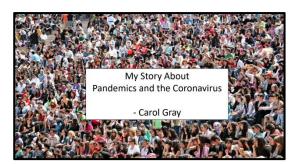
As with us all, our emotions are likely to change over time and we may appear calm and content one day but very unsettled on another day. This is likely to do with the change and uncertainty of the current situation. You may like to revisit certain stories and resources over the coming weeks.

Talking to children and young people about Covid-19 (Coronavirus) - Resources

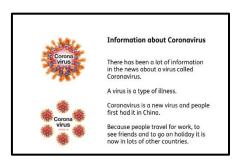
Knowing where to start when explaining Covid-19 (Coronavirus) to children with additional needs can be difficult and therefore it's good to begin with a discussion about:

- What they already know (they've likely to have picked up on conversations).
- Ground their understanding with facts
- Prepare them for what's to come (if we know)

Social Story - My Story About Pandemics and the Coronavirus - Carol Gray



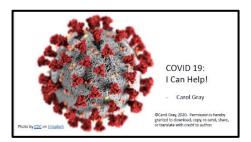
https://carolgraysocialstories.com/wpcontent/uploads/2020/03/Pandemics-and-the-Coronavirus.pdf **Easy to read guide** - on what Coronavirus from Mencap



https://www.mencap.org.uk/sites/default/files/202 0-03/Information%20about%20Coronavirus%20ER %20UPDATED%20130320%20SD%20editsAH.pdf



Social story about washing hands – I can Help by Carol Gray



See Appendix 2

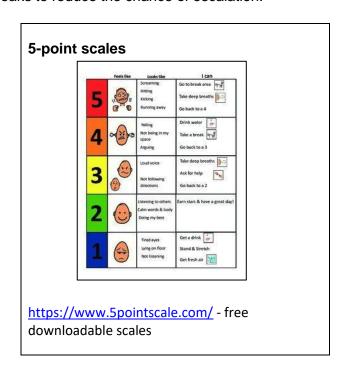
Social Narrative – ideal for younger children by Amanda McGuiness



https://littlepuddins.ie/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/The-Corona-Virus-Free-Printable-Updated-2-The-Autism-Educator-.pdf

Managing and expressing emotions

Some children can find it very difficult to express their thoughts, feelings and emotions with words. Visual aids can support this and can be used to prompt children to express their building feelings before they escalate. For children with more complex needs and those unable to express themselves in this way, we have to support them to feel calm (co-regulate). This might be showing them calming activities such as deep breathing, counting slowly or engaging in some basic yoga exercises. Being attuned to your child's emotions and offering support, reassurance and breaks to reduce the chance of escalation.





Supporting daily routines – routine, predictability and consistency reduces anxiety and provides a sense of safety.

Children with additional and complex needs, including those with Autism have a strong desire for consistency and routine and find change challenging. It's a great idea to contact your school to ask how they normally support your child. You can help reduce anxiety by:

- Providing a predictable pattern to the day Visual schedules of 'now' and 'next' cards, visual timetables and calendars (http://www.autismni.org/educational-resource-kit.html See appendix 3).
- Consistency As best you can use predictable and consistent responses to all behaviours.
- Forewarning of change use a cue to signal when a change is coming. This might be
 a symbol on the timetable or a set phrase. It might be helpful to ask school what they
 use to prepare your child for unexpected.
- Strategies to self-calm strategies for reducing anxiety may be as simple as listening
 to calming sounds or music, deep breathing, squeezing a ball, chewing on a chewy
 tube, self-massage, or eating something comforting.

Supporting sensory needs

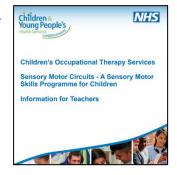
Within your daily routine it is good to include some sensory activities. These might be done at the beginning of the day and in the afternoon as well as offering sensory breaks between other activities.

Sensory Circuits provide a sequence of activities done repeatedly to provide the child with the right type of sensory input in order to calm and organise them for the day ahead.

The order is important to support your child to feel calm and relaxed:



See - https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---sensory-strategy-leaflets---april-2015/0218---sensory-circuits---info-for-teachers---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---sensory-strategy-leaflets---april-2015/0218---sensory-circuits---info-for-teachers---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---sensory-strategy-leaflets---april-2015/0218---sensory-circuits---info-for-teachers---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---sensory-circuits---info-for-teachers---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---sensory-circuits---info-for-teachers---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets---april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets----april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/docs/default-source/leaflets----april-2018.pdf?sfvrsn=8">https://www.cambscommunityservices.nhs.uk/d



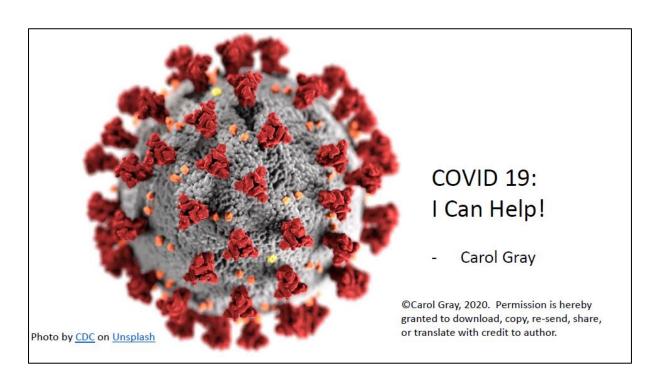


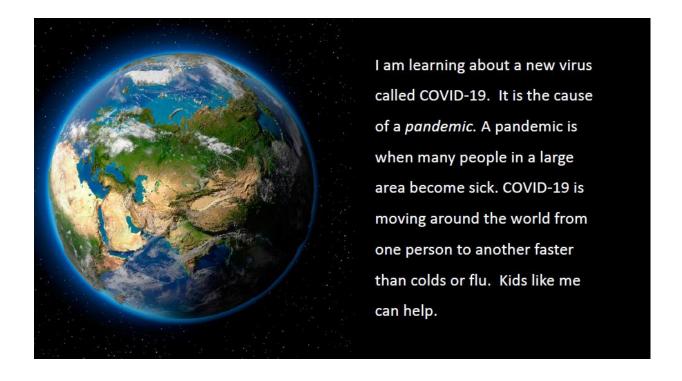
References

- National Autistic Society https://www.autism.org.uk/
- Cerebra https://cerebra.org.uk/
- https://inclusiveteach.com/
- AutismNI
- Incredible 5 Point Scale https://www.5pointscale.com/
- Zones of Regulation https://www.zonesofregulation.com/learn-more-about-the-zones.html
- Carol Gray https://carolgraysocialstories.com/ regularly updates social stories in Carol's Club/Clubhouse Projects



Appendix 1 – Story about washing handsReference – reproduced with the permission of Carol Gray

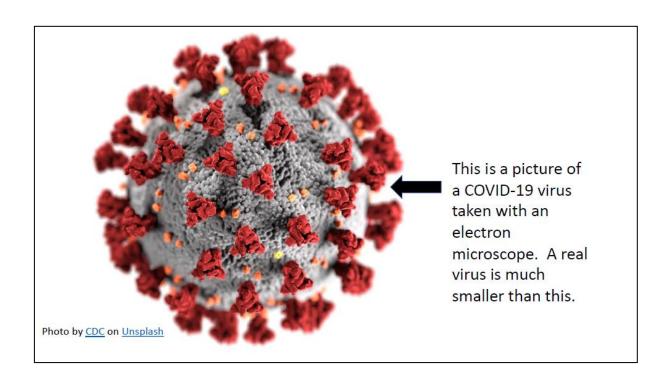








Like many kids, I learned to wash my hands when I was very young. It helps to wash germs away. A virus is one kind of germ.





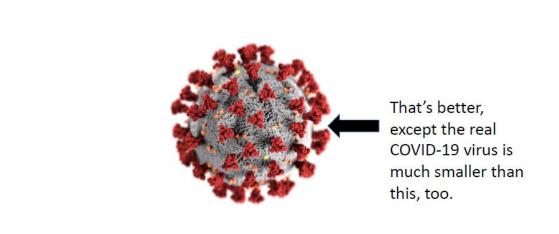


Photo by <u>CDC</u> on <u>Unsplash</u>

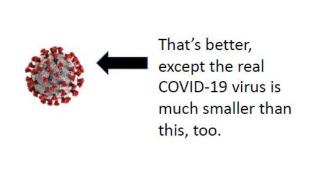
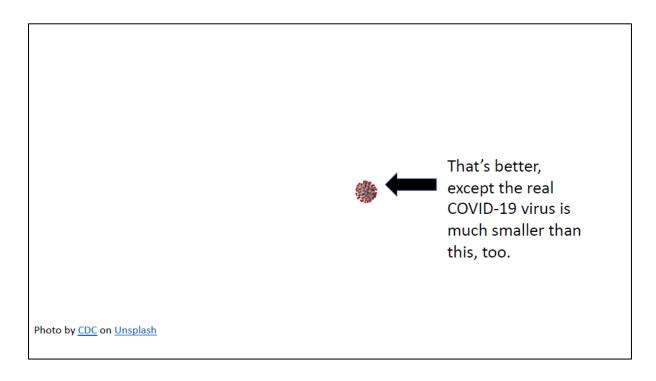
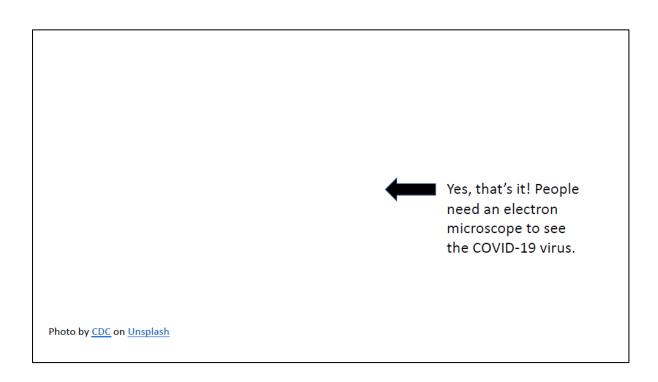


Photo by <u>CDC</u> on <u>Unsplash</u>











The Covid-19 virus is smaller than tiny and causing huge problems for many people.

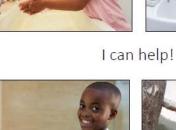
Photo by <u>CDC</u> on <u>Unsplash</u>





























I can help by washing my hands in warm water on all sides, rinsing well, and drying with a clean cloth. To make sure that I wash long enough, I may sing my favorite song or count very slowly to twenty. Washing my hands helps me stay healthy.









Especially during a pandemic, washing hands well and often helps to keep moms and dads healthy, too.







...and brothers and sisters...

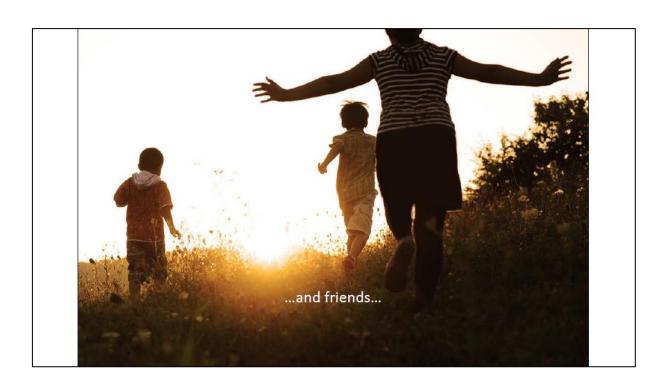


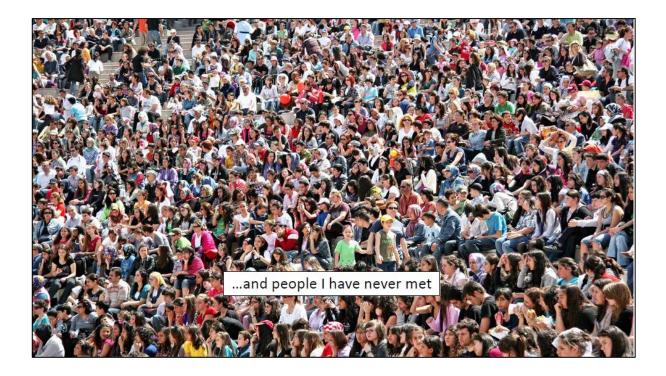




...and grandparents...











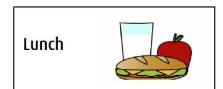
In a pandemic, it's amazing how kids can help by washing their hands well and often!
I will try to help, too!

Appendix 2 – examples of visual supports

Reference - http://www.autismni.org/educational-resource-kit.html

Daily Schedule pictures cut out and put into your schedule











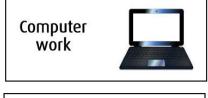














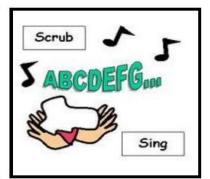


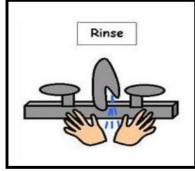


I can wash my hands

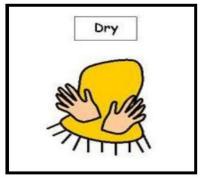










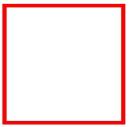


I am learning to wash my hands more
Its important to keep my hands clean
Sometimes my hands don't look dirty but they still need to be washed. Sometimes we cant see all the dirt with our eyes because it is so small.

I will wash my hands during these times

Before I eat food

After I go to the toilet





I will follow the pictures above when I wash my hands Washing my hands keeps me and my family healthy

Washing my hands is a good thing to do