GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE AGENDA



Monday 4 October 2010

at 4.00 pm

in Committee Room C, Civic Centre, Hartlepool

MEMBERS: GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE:

Councillors Aiken, C Akers-Belcher, S Akers-Belcher, Fleet, Flintoff, Gibbon, James, Simmons and Wells

- 1. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE
- 2. TO RECEIVE ANY DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST BY MEMBERS
- 3. MINUTES
 - 3.1 To confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 23 August 2010.
- 4. ITEMS REQUIRING DECISION
 - 4.1 Appointment of Local Authority Representatives to Serve on School Governing Bodies *Director of Child and Adult Services*
 - 4.2 Further Electoral Review of Hartlepool Chief Solicitor
- 5. ANY OTHER ITEMS WHICH THE CHAIRMAN CONSIDERS ARE URGENT

6. LOCAL GOVERNMENT (ACCESS TO INFORMATION) (VARIATION) ORDER 2006

EXEMPT ITEMS

Under Section 100(A)(4) of the Local Government Act 1972, the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following items of business on the grounds that it involves the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in the paragraphs referred to below of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972, as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) Order 2006

7. ANY OTHER CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS WHICH THE CHAIRMAN CONSIDERS ARE URGENT

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

MINUTES AND DECISION RECORD

23 August 2010

The meeting commenced at 4.00 pm in the Civic Centre, Hartlepool

Present:

Councillor: Martin Aiken (In the Chair)

Councillors: Christopher Akers-Belcher, Stephen Akers-Belcher, Mary Fleet,

Bob Flintoff, Steve Gibbon, Marjorie James, Chris Simmons and

Ray Wells

Officers: Joanne Machers, Chief Customer and Workforce Development

Officer

Alyson Caman, Solicitor

Lorraine Bennison, Principal Registration and Members'

Services Officer

Denise Wimpenny, Principal Democratic Services Officer

6. Apologies for Absence

None.

7. Declarations of interest by members

None.

Confirmation of the minutes of the meeting held on 12 July

Confirmed

9. Training Proposals for Consideration (Chief Customer and Workforce Development Officer)

The Chief Customer and Workforce Services Officer reported on the proposals to clarify the respective roles of those involved in workforce matters and the authority's arrangements, as set out in the report.

As the functions of the General Purposes Committee were quite broad in respect of determining appeals and other related issues, Members were

required to have some depth of knowledge to ensure fairness and consistency in their decision making.

Attached at Appendix A was an outline training programme for members of the General Purposes (Appeals and Staffing) Committee. The aims and objectives of the session were included in the report.

Members were referred to the draft outline training programme and the Committee's views were sought on the preferred content and delivery arrangements.

Discussion ensued regarding the purpose and background to the training during which a Member sought clarification that the training would not delay any pending appeals and would not affect any previous decisions made. The Chief Customer and Workforce Services Officer advised that the training would not delay any appeals currently scheduled and the current procedural arrangements would apply. An HR representative would be in attendance prior and during the meeting to give advice and guidance. In terms of how and when the training should be delivered was a matter for the Committee to determine.

A Member stated that the proposed training programme had been established following a request for training from Elected Members to support Members' decision making and would not affect any previous or future decisions.

In terms of future Appeals and Staffing hearings which were currently arranged on an ad-hoc basis and membership chosen on a rota system, it was suggested that a programme of dates and times of meetings be agreed in advance and in accordance with Members availability to ensure attendance and alleviate pressures on the Committee as recommended at the last meeting of the Constitution Working Group.

Following discussion regarding the training delivery arrangements, Members were of the view that training should be discretionary and not mandatory and open to all Members of the General Purposes Committee initially and extended to all other Members of the Council as a general seminar following the completion of the General Purposes Committee training. It was suggested that one hour training sessions should commence in September and monthly thereafter and be held after 4.00 pm. A Member emphasised the importance of consulting the Council diary and Children's Services to ensure there were no meetings clashes. It was noted that the training would include the various topics as outlined in the programme and any other additional topics which may arise.

In relation to the content of the training, a Member requested that the training material should include examples supported by case law and employment law and that this information be provided in advance of the training session.

Decision

- (i) A programme of future meetings of the General Purposes Appeals and Staffing Committee be agreed in advance.
- (ii) Discretionary one hour training sessions be held for all Members of the General Purposes Committee to commence in September 2010 and monthly thereafter.
- (iii) Training sessions be scheduled after 4.00 pm.
- (iv) Training material, as outlined above, be circulated in advance of the training sessions.

10. Further Electoral Review – Hartlepool Borough Council (Chief Solicitor)

The report included the background to conduct an electoral review which commenced on 20 July 2010, as set out in the report.

Under the Commission's guidelines, if either of the following conditions were found to exist, then consideration was given for the need for a review:

- Any local authority with a division or ward that has an electoral variance in excess of 30%. This means a division or ward having at least 30% more (or less) electors in it than the average for the authority as a whole; and/or
- Any local authority where more than 30% of the divisions or wards have an electoral variance in excess of 10% from the average of that authority.

On the basis of the December, 2009 electoral register, Hartlepool met the criteria, wherein 35% f the Council's wards had variances of more than 10% from the average. The current electorate and variances were set out in figure 1 of the report.

Details of the final recommendations to the Electoral Commission following a previous electoral review of Hartlepool Borough Council in 2003 were included in the report.

The purpose behind these proposals was to ensure that in future each Borough Councillor represented approximately the same number of electors, bearing in mind local circumstances and that;

- 15 of the proposed 17 wards and number of electors per Councillor would vary by no more than 10% from the Borough average
- This improved level of electoral equality was forecast to marginally deteriorate, with the number of electors per

Councillor in 3 wards, Elwick, Greatham and Seaton expected to vary by more than 10% from the average for the Borough in 2006

The report outlined the existing electoral arrangements in 2001 together with the final recommendations. The final recommendations sought to reduce the number of wards with an electoral variance of more than 10% from 9 to 2 and with no wards varying by more than 20% from the Borough average. By 2006, it was also forecast, that 3 wards (Elwick, Greatham and Seaton would have an electoral variance of more than 10%)

The report included details of the powers of the Local Government Boundary Commission for England to conduct electoral reviews of individual authorities at periodic intervals, the conduct of an electoral review, review timetable together with the process of the review.

The Principal Registration and Members' Services Officer referred Members to the final draft submission, attached at Appendix 1, following meetings of the Working Group, in readiness for consideration by Council and submission to the Boundary Commission for England.

The Committee highlighted some minor amendments to the submission which would be included in the final submission for consideration at the next meeting of Council.

The Committee expressed their personal thanks to the following officers for their valued contribution in developing the submission document:-

Peter Devlin
Lorraine Bennison
Jackie Payne
Derek Goulburn
Tracey Rowe
Joan Stevens
Amanda Whitaker
Angela Hunter
Andrew Carter

Decision

That the final submission, attached at Appendix 1, be agreed subject to minor amendments and submitted to Council for approval.

11. Elections – 5 May 2011 (Chief Solicitor)

The Principal Registration and Members' Services Officer reported that in accordance with the Council's electoral cycle, local authority elections were scheduled to take place on 5 May 2011 in 16 wards in the borough.

In addition, Parish elections in Greatham and Saint Hilda were also scheduled to take place and, if contested, would be held as a combined election.

Following a recent Bill introduced by Parliament on 22 July 2010, the Deputy Prime Minister made an announcement that a referendum on changing the voting system for the UK Parliament would take place on Thursday 5 May 2011.

The Government would now need to consider a combination poll on 5 May 2011 and approve the timing of such a referendum, taking account of views expressed by all those with an interest in both the scheduled May 2011 elections and proposed referendum.

The Electoral Commission had previously considered proposals for holding different polls on the same day and conducted a review in this regard, details of which were outlined in appendices to the report.

Following this review, the Electoral Commission concluded that each specific proposal should be considered on its merits. The report included the potential benefits as well as concerns of holding a referendum on the same day as scheduled elections. The Electoral Commission believed that it should be possible to deliver the different polls proposed for 5 May 2011 provided the key practical risks to the successful conduct of the scheduled elections and a UK-wide referendum were properly managed, as set out in the report.

The Electoral Commission had advised that they would be monitoring the passage of the Bill and would advise Government and Parliament if they considered the identified risks had not been addressed.

With regard to Hartlepool's position, whilst the combination of the Parliamentary referendum and local elections on 5 May 2011 would involve considerable work, it was considered this would be achievable provided adequate notice to allow planning was received. A further update report would be provided to Members once the outcome of the Bill had been finalised.

Whilst Members recognised the potential financial benefits of holding a referendum on the same day as scheduled elections, concerns were expressed regarding the confusion for voters.

A discussion followed regarding the location and suitability of polling

stations, problems associated with the use of portable units, resulting in access difficulties and issues experienced by some local authorities at the last election. Members requested that further consideration be given to any proposed changes and the issues raised by Members in advance of the next election.

Decision

- (i) That the report, be noted.
- (ii) That a report addressing the issues raised by Members, including any proposed changes and suitability of premises, be considered at a future meeting of this Committee.

12. Minutes of the Meetings of the Electoral Review Working Groups held on 28 July, 11 August and 18 August 2010

Received.

The meeting concluded at 4.50 pm.

CHAIR

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

4 OCTOBER 2010



Report of: Director of Child and Adult Services

Subject: APPOINTMENT OF LOCAL AUTHORITY

REPRESENTATIVES TO SERVE ON SCHOOL

GOVERNING BODIES

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

To update members of the General Purposes Committee in respect of vacancies that currently exist for Local Authority representative governors, and to request members to make recommendations to the Children's Services Portfolio Holder in respect of the appointment of Local Authority representative governors to serve on school governing bodies.

2. BACKGROUND

Applications are invited from members of the general public, elected members and those governors whose term of office is about to expire and who are, interested in serving or wish to continue to serve as a LA representative governor on school governing bodies.

The following criteria was agreed by the Borough Council for the recruitment of LA representative governors in 2000. LA governors should be able to show:

- demonstrable interest in and commitment to education;
- a desire to support the school concerned;
- a commitment to attend regular meetings of the governing body (and committees as appropriate) and school functions generally;
- good communication/interpersonal skills;
- ability to work as part of a team;
- a clearly expressed willingness to participate in the governor training programme.

A schedule (Appendix A) is attached setting out details of vacancies which currently exist for LA representative governors, together with applications received in respect of the vacancies (Appendix B). This item contains exempt information under Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972, (as amended by the Local Government (Access to Information)(Variation) Order 2006) namely, information relating to any individual (para 1)

3. RECOMMENDATIONS

That the recommendation for the appointment set out in the confidential section of the minutes, of LA representative governors be referred to the Children's Services Portfolio Holder for approval.

Contact Officer:

Ann Turner, Governor Support Officer, telephone 523766

Child and Adult Services In Hartlepool

Every Child Matters



VACANCIES FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY GOVERNORS ON SCHOOLS' GOVERNING BODIES

SEPTEMBER 2010

Contact Officer: Ann Turner

01429 523766

VACANCIES FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY GOVERNORS ON SCHOOLS' GOVERNING BODIES

| SCHOOL | VACANCY | POSSIBLE INTEREST | RECOMMEDED FOR APPOINTMENT |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | |
| Barnard Grove Primary School | 1 vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| Mr M. Kay | | | |
| Councillor R. Cook | | | |
| Clavering Primary School | 1 vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| Councillor R. Cook | | · | |
| Councillor T. Fleming | | | |
| Eldon Grove Primary School | 2 vacancies | Mrs J. Butterworth | |
| Mrs P. Vaughan | 2 1 4 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 5 54.45.17 5141 | |
| Grange Primary School | 1 vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| Councillor R. Flintoff | | | |
| Greatham Primary School | 1 vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| Mrs P. Brotherton | | | |
| Jesmond Road Primary School | Vacancy | Mr K. Gardner | |
| Mrs S. Saint | Vice – Mr Gardner | | |
| Mr M. Ward | (Term of office expires | | |
| Mrs B. Watson | November 2010) | | |
| Mr K. Gardner | | | |
| Rift House Primary School | 2 vacancies | No interest expressed | |
| Councillor Stephen Akers-Belcher | | · · | |
| | | | |

CURRENT VACANCIES FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY GOVERNORS ON SCHOOLS' GOVERNING BODIES

| vacancy | No interest expressed | |
|--|---|---|
| · | No interest expressed | |
| | | |
| | | |
| vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| | | |
| 2 vacancies | Miss C. Lamb | |
| | | |
| Miss Lamb | | |
| vacancy | Councillor Peter Ingham | |
| /ice – Councillor Lauderdale | Ţ. | |
| | | |
| vacancy | Councillor J. Brash | |
| /ice Councillor | | |
| l. Brash term of office expired 21 st September 2010 | | |
| vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| , | i i | |
| | | |
| vacancy | No interest expressed | |
| |] | |
| | | |
| | vacancies ncluding vacancy vice //iss Lamb vacancy //ice – Councillor Lauderdale vacancy //ice Councillor . Brash term of office expired 21st September 2010 vacancy | vacancies Including vacancy vice It was Lamb Vacancy Vacancy Vacancy Vacancy Vacancy Councillor Peter Ingham Vacancy Councillor J. Brash Vacancy Vice Councillor Brash term of office Expired 21st September 2010 Vacancy No interest expressed |

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

4th October 2010



Report of: Chief Solicitor

Subject: FURTHER ELECTORAL REVIEW OF HARTLEPOOL

BOROUGH COUNCIL

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 To inform the Committee as to the receipt of correspondence through the Local Government Boundary Commission for England with their provisional recommendations as to "Council size". To make Members generally aware of submissions received by the Commission and also to outline the ongoing process of this particular review.

2. COUNCIL SIZE CONSULTATION

- As Members of the Committee will be aware the period from 20th July 30th August, 2010, allowed submissions on "Council size" to be submitted to the Commission. In total some 12 submissions were received "induding substantial proposals from Hartlepool Borough Council and Mayor Drummond". The correspondence from the Commission dated 17th September, 2010, is attached herewith (Appendix 1). This details that the Commission is currently minded to recommend a Council size of 33 and that all submissions are available upon their website at www.lgbce.org.uk. This "mind to recommend" was reported to Council on 16th September, 2010. and it can be confirmed that this correspondence was also despatched to Members of the Borough Council and is therefore included within this report, purely for information/reference. However, Members will note that the proposed 33 Members, relates to the presumption of a Council electing by thirds.
- 2.1 The submissions received by the Commission were from the following individuals/bodies:

1

- Hartlepool Borough Council
- Mayor Drummond
- Rift House Neighbourhood Action Plan Forum

- New Deal for Communities
- Councillor Geoff Lilley
- Michael Ward
- UKIP Hartlepool Branch
- Seaton Councillors
- Rossmere Councillors
- Mel Dickson
- Elwick Parish Council
- Furness, Cameron and Belk Residents Association
- 2.2 Included within this report is the submission of Mayor Drummond (see Appendix 2) given its reference within the correspondence from the Local Government Boundary Commission for England. It should be noted, that some submissions did not make any particular recommendation upon Council size whilst others recommended a reduction or retention of the existing number of Councillors. Of note (and as the Council proceeds into the formal "Stage One" of the Electoral Review), one representation indicated a desire that the name of the Seaton Ward be renamed "Seaton Carew Ward". It was also an indication from the Elwick Parish Council that their "Members were adamant that the rural character of the ward must be maintained".

3. PROCESS OF THE REVIEW

3.1 To remind Members as to the process of the review following on from the preliminary period and the Council size consultation, the following is an outline (with dates) of the overall process of a review;

Stage One (28th September, 2010 – 20th December, 2010) - This will incorporate the initial consultation stage on electoral arrangements ie how many Councillors in a ward, where should ward boundaries be, the names of proposed wards and how recommendations would impact on the community. Of particular note, the proposed ward pattern must reflect community identity.

Stage Two (21st December, 2010 – 28th March, 2011)

This will cover the Commission's deliberations and analysis of the "evidence based" representations received. This period can also incorporate further clarification being sought by the Commission on those submissions.

Stage Three (29th March, 2011 – 19th June, 2011)

This will entail the publication of the Commission's draft recommendations and consultation thereon. Again, this will entail evidence based submissions in response to those draft recommendations. Again, commentary should reflect aspects of community identity and overall electoral equality and effective and convenient local government.

Stage Four (20th June, 2011 – 27th September, 2011)

This will cover the period of the Commissions consideration of representations on the draft recommendations and publication of their final recommendations. Those final recommendations thereafter need to proceed before Parliament, who are unable to modify recommendations. Therefore they can only be accepted or rejected. It is the Commission's intention to complete their review no later than the end of September, 2011 to ensure the implementation of elections in 2012.

4. STATUTORY CRITERIA

- 4.1 Although mentioned above, Schedule 2 to the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act, 2009 requires the Commission to have regard to the following criteria;
 - The need to reflect the identities and interests of local communities,
 - The need to secure effective and convenient local government, and
 - The need to secure equality of representation
- 4.2 Further, the Commission must have regard to the desirability of securing the appropriate number of Councillors in each Ward of a District/Borough Council which elects by halves or by thirds. In addition, the Commission must take into account any changes to the number and distribution of electors that is likely to take place from the end of the review to a period covering the next 5 years. For the purpose of this report, Members are again reminded of those protections as provided in a report to General Purposes Committee dated 23rd August, 2010, as provided below;

| Name of unitary ward | Number of clirs per ward | Electorate 2010 | Variance 2010 | Electorate 2016 | Variance 2016 |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Brus | 3 | 4,801 | 8% | 4,916 | 8% |
| Burn Valley | 3 | 4,167 | -6% | 4,098 | -10% |
| Dyke House | 3 | 3,464 | -22% | 3,257 | -20% |
| Elwick | 1 | 1,683 | 14% | 2,657 | 75% |
| Fens | 3 | 4,070 | -8% | 4,022 | -12% |
| Foggy Furze | 3 | 3,850 | -13% | 3,939 | -14% |
| Grange | 3 | 4,112 | -7% | 4,074 | -11% |
| Greatham | 1 | 1,713 | 16% | 1,677 | 10% |
| Hart | 3 | 5,148 | 16% | 5,445 | 20% |
| Owton | 3 | 4,081 | -8% | 4,026 | -12% |
| Park | 3 | 4,636 | 5% | 4,697 | 3% |
| Rift House | 3 | 4,630 | 4% | 4,678 | 3% |
| Rossmere | 3 | 4,734 | 7% | 4,759 | 4% |
| Saint Hilda | 3 | 4,312 | -3% | 4,246 | -7% |
| Seaton | 3 | 5,253 | 19% | 5,123 | 12% |
| Stranton | 3 | 3,996 | -10% | 5,076 | 11% |
| Throston | 3 | 4,766 | 8% | 4,681 | 3% |

4.3 Members are also reminded that the Commission can make the following recommendations for local authority electoral arrangements;

- The total number of Councillors to be elected to the Council (known as "Council size")
- The number and boundaries of wards or divisions
- The number of Councillors to be elected for each ward or division, and
- The name of any ward or division
- 44 The Commission are also obliged to make recommendations for changes to electoral arrangements of existing parishes represented by Parish Councils within the local authority under review, where the same are directly consequential to their recommendations for changes to district wards. The Commission cannot make recommendations for changes to the external boundaries between local authorities or Parishes or consider the creation of new Parish areas. Equally, the Commission cannot make recommendations for changes as part of the electoral review to the external boundaries between local authorities or Parishes or consider the creation of new Parish areas. Although they have powers to initiate reviews of external boundaries under the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act, 2007, they cannot alter during an electoral review. Similarly, the Commission cannot make recommendations for changes to how often local authorities hold elections (the electoral cycle) although under the 2007 Act, local authorities can resolve to effect changes to their own electoral cycle. There is also the presumption that authorities that elect by thirds should return three Councilors from each ward. It should also be noted that this presumption can also relate to a number divisible by three. However, this presumption needs to be considered against the statutory criteria and consequently is open to the Commission not to "recommend uniform patterns for the number of Councillors per ward...if, in our view or shown in evidence provided to us, may result in unacceptable levels of electoral inequality, does not reflect communities or hinders the provision of effective and convenient local government."
- 4.5 Members are therefore asked to consider as part of the "Stage One" process, the appropriate electoral arrangements which should operate within the Borough, taking into account the Commission's 'minded to recommend' Council size of 33. To assist, Officers will provide to the meeting, mapping details of the current ward boundaries to assist and facilitate Member discussion.

5. RECOMMENDATION

To note and discuss.

6. CONTACT OFFICER

Peter Devlin, Chief Solicitor

The Local Government Boundary Commission for England

Paul Walker Chief Executive Hartlepool Borough Council Hartlepool Victoria Road TS24 8AY CHIEF EXECUTIVES DEBT.
HARTIENS

2 0 SEP 2010

PASSED TO DEALT WITH
FILE NO

17 September 2010

Dear Mr Walker

RECEIVED 22 SEP 2010

Electoral Review of Hartlepool

I am writing to inform you of the Commission's decision with regard to the most appropriate council size for Hartlepool Borough Council. Having carefully considered the representations received, The Commission is currently minded to recommend a council size of 33.

The Commission considered all representations on council size at its meeting on 14 September 2010. A total of 12 submissions were received, including substantial proposals from Hartlepool Borough Council and Mayor Drummond. All of these submissions are now available to view on our website, at www.lgbce.org.uk.

As you are aware, Hartlepool Borough Council proposed a 47 member council. Mayor Drummond proposed a 32 member council. The Commission noted that both proposals focused on the number of committee meetings and other responsibilities of councillors.

Having carefully considered the representations received, the Commission considered that Mayor Drummond's proposals provided evidence regarding the ongoing and future reforms of council committees. He also considered the number of councillors required for the current council and committee structure. The Commission is therefore minded to adopt a council size of around 32 members, as proposed by Mayor Drummond, but to increase it to 33 members to take account of the fact that Hartlepool Borough Council elects by thirds.

The next stage of the review will formally commence on 28 September 2010 with an invitation to all interested parties to submit proposals for new wards based on a council size of 33 members. This consultation will run until 21 December 2010.

We will be in contact with your Council shortly to discuss the next stages of the review in more detail. Should you wish to discuss further any aspect of the electoral review, please do not hesitate to contact either myself, or one of my colleagues who are responsible for the review (Jessica Metheringham-Owlett, Review Officer: jessica.metheringham-owlett@lgbce.org.uk, 020 7664 8525, or Joan D'souza, Review Manager: joan.d'souza@lgbce.org.uk, 020 7664 8531).

In the meantime I would like to refer you to our technical guidance (http://www.lgbce.org.uk/__documents/lgbce-documents/guidance/electoral-reviewtechnical-guidance-v4-2010-03-30.pdf), and to remind you that proposals for warding patterns must be supported by evidence. The Commission looks for wards with good electoral equality, strong boundaries and which identify and reflect communities.

I am copying this letter to all respondents who made a submission to us on council size.

Yours sincerely

Archie Gall

Director of Reviews archie.gall@lgbce.org.uk

020 7664 8509

Hartlepool Borough Council

Electoral Review of Hartlepool Borough Council

Submission to the Local
Government Boundary
Commission
for England on Council Size from
the Mayor of Hartlepool Borough
Council



Executive Summary

This submission proposes reducing the size of the council from 47 members to between 30 and 33 members. My preference being for 32 members which could be achieved through creating 10 wards each with three members and two single member wards, which may likely be Greatham and Elwick.

The above proposal will require ward boundary changes, however at this consultation stage of the Electoral Review this submission is only proposing the reduction in council size.

The national average number of electors per councillor is 2860 and Hartlepool currently has approximately 1,477 per councillor (though this varies). A council size of 32 would provide an average councillor:elector ratio of 1: 2227 which still provides more electoral representation than the UK average and provides for necessary considerations to ensure effective representation and a reflection of community identity.

This reduced council size would be complimented by a reduction in the number of council meetings, bodies, and committees. This would allow for councillors to be more efficient and would reduce the burden of bureaucracy that is caused by excessive meetings, committees, and bodies. It would also provide greater opportunity for limited resources to be utilised to represent the views of the community.

Proposals for the continued effective operation of the authority can be developed to reflect how a reduced number of councillors will operate in line with both the statutory and representational aspects of local democracy.

The reduction in council size was previously proposed in the last Electoral Review and gained wide support. At the time, it was stated that the reduction in council size was not suitable due to the recent change to a Mayoral system.

In 2010 I wish to resubmit the proposal for a reduction in council size and feel that the Mayoral and Executive system in place in Hartlepool is well established and can be run more effectively with a reduction in council size.

1 Introduction

- 1.1 The council was informed by The Local Government Boundary Commission for England that an Electoral Review of Hartlepool Borough Council would be undertaken in July 2010. The review was officially started on the 20th July 2010 with a consultation on council size. All submissions for proposed council size are required to be submitted by the 30th August 2010.
- 1.2 This submission forms my response to the consultation; a separate response from the full council has also been submitted.
- 1.3 Hartlepool Borough Council continues to achieve high standards and has been awarded either an "Excellent" or 4 star status in each of the Comprehensive Performance Assessments, last year the council received a 3 out of 4 rating in the Comprehensive Area Assessment.
- 1.4 The council is currently comprised of 47 councillors across the 17 wards of Hartlepool. There are two wards, Elwick and Greatham, which are each represented by one member. The remaining 15 wards all have three members representing them.
- 1.5 All members, including myself, are elected for a four year term. Councillor elections are done by thirds, where each year a third of the council is up for election.
- 1.5 Following the Local Government Act 2000, the council has been operating executive arrangements based on a directly elected Mayor and Cabinet Model since 2002. I became the first directly elected Mayor of Hartlepool in 2002 and I am now in my third term of office.
- 1.6 The Cabinet is comprised of seven councillors and myself and collectively they make up the Executive. Each member of the Executive is a portfolio holder and is responsible for one of the following areas:
 - Community Safety and Housing (Mayor's Portfolio)
 - Transport and Neighbourhoods
 - Culture, Leisure and Tourism
 - Children's Services
 - Adult and Public Health Services
 - Regeneration and Economic Development
 - Finance and Procurement
 - Performance

2 Key Considerations of the Electoral Review

- 2.1 The Local Government Boundary Commission for England provides guidance on the key elements of an electoral review. The key factors for consideration in an electoral review are as follows:
 - Council Size
 - Electoral Representation
 - Community Identity
 - Effective and Convenient Local Government
 - Number of Councillors in each ward or division.
- 2.2 This submission will consider each of the above factors to support the proposal to reduce the council size from 47 councillors to 32.

2. Background

- 2.1 In 2001 a review of Hartlepool's electoral arrangements was conducted. The review was started by the Local Government Commission for England (LGCE) however, following the transfer of the LGCE's functions to The Electoral Commission the review was completed in 2003 by The Boundary Committee for England (BCFE).
- 2.2 The findings from the report concluded that the electoral arrangements in Hartlepool provided an unequal representation of electors. In nine of the 17 wards the number of electors represented by each councillor varied by more than 10% from the average for the borough and two wards varied by more than 20%. It was forecast that by 2006 this situation was expected to continue, with the number of electors per councillor forecast to vary by more than 10% from the average in eight wards and by more than 20% in two wards. The final recommendations from the 2003 report were:
 - Hartlepool Borough Council should have 47 councillors, as at present;
 - there should be 17 wards, as at present;
 - the boundaries of 15 of the existing wards should be modified and two wards should retain their existing boundaries.
- 3.3 Following the report the above recommendations were implemented. It was noted that these changes would ensure that in 15 of the proposed 17 wards the number of electors per councillor would vary by no more than 10% from the borough average. It was forecast that this level of electoral equality would marginally deteriorate in three wards, Elwick, Greatham, and Seaton which are expected to vary by more than 10% from the average for the borough in 2006.
- 3.4 It became clear to me very soon after my initial election as Mayor in 2002 that the then councillors had not embraced the new approach to council governance introduced by the Local Government Act 2000. The majority of them were still trying to operate through council and

committees as though the executive function had not been created. As a consequence it was apparent to me that many meetings were being held but to no apparent affect.

- 3.5 It was therefore proposed by myself and Cabinet for a reduction in council size from 47 to 32 councillors. This proposal took into consideration that the new management structure of the Mayor and Cabinet could allow the council to operate with a significantly smaller number of members. It was suggested that the three member wards in the non parish, urban part of the borough should be reduced to two member wards. Within the rural parish wards it was proposed that Elwick and Greatham were combined to form a two member ward.
- 3.6 This previous proposal to reduce council size was well supported with 98 submissions supporting the proposal to reduce the number of members from 47 to 32. A further 34 submissions were received proposing for a general reduction in council size, this included submissions from two councillors. Of these 132 submissions received approximately 50 of these all argued that a reduction in the council size would aid the town financially.
- 3.7 Furthermore, the proposal for a reduction in council size also gained more than 500 responses of support from the public.
- 3.8 The final recommendation in 2003 of retaining the existing 47 councillors was warranted due to the new Mayoral system having just come into position. It was deemed that the Mayoral system would have significant implications for how the council could be run in the future but at the time of the review these implications were not known. Therefore it was stated that retaining the existing council size for the current period would be acceptable.
- 3.9 My current submission for the 2010 review revisits the previous proposal for a reduction in the size of the council.

4 Council Management Structure

- 4.1 This past year has seen a drastic reorganisation of the Council's management structure.
- 4.2 The executive in conjunction with the Chief Executive have reduced the number of council departments from five to three and have reduced the number of chief officers by a third from 31 to 21.
- 4.3 The three departments now comprise of:
 - Chief Executive's
 - Regeneration and Neighbourhoods
 - Children and Adults Services

- 4.4 This has been a reduction in the council management structure of a third, however the processes and systems are in place and are now able to deal with this smaller management structure without impacting on service delivery.
- 4.5 A similar reduction of councillors as chief officers will not affect the ability of councillors to represent their wards and constituents, nor will it compromise service delivery.

5 Political Arrangements

- 5.1 I have been the directly elected Mayor of Hartlepool Borough Council since 2002. Therefore, this Mayoral and Cabinet system has been running for the last eight years, which means that the way the council operates under the system is now well established and understood.
- 5.2 The move towards a Mayoral system was an essential component of the drive for modernisation of local authorities and was intended to provide efficiency, transparency, and accountability that were considered lacking in the previous committee system.

5.1 The Role of the Executive

- 5.1.1 Prior to 2001 the democratic process was governed through full council and a series of committees with decision making powers. The majority of these decisions are now undertaken by full Cabinet and a series of portfolio holder meetings, all of which have decision making powers. Thus the vast majority of decisions that would have been taken by all 48 councillors are now taken by myself and my seven executive portfolio holders.
- 5.1.2 The Executive (comprised of myself and my Cabinet) has overall responsibility for all functions other than those specifically stated as "non-executive". In addition to this collective responsibility each portfolio holder also has responsibility for decisions in regards to the service areas and functions that fall within their portfolio, thereby increasing the individual accountability and responsibility of each portfolio holder.
- 5.1.3 The Local Government Act 2000 which saw the introduction of various Executive systems in local authorities was underpinned by the White Paper "Modern Local Government: in touch with the people". The role of the executive was described as:

"The executive role would be to propose the policy framework and implement policies within the agreed framework. The role of backbench councillors would be to represent their constituents, share in the policy and budget decisions of the full council, suggest policy improvements, and scrutinise the executive's policy proposals and their implementation."

- 5.1.4 The role of the executive has been created to undertake much of the responsibility of full council and the previous committee system. As previously discussed above with the introduction of this Mayor and Cabinet model in Hartlepool many decisions that would have previously been made at full council are now made within the executive. This has greatly reduced the volume of decisions that need to be made by non-executive councillors.
- 5.1.5 There is a high level of personal responsibility placed on each portfolio holder and there is a substantial amount of time and energy required. Now that decisions are made within full cabinet and across a series of portfolio holder meetings it also serves to allow other councillors and members of the public to hold someone to account for the decisions made, thereby increasing transparency and accountability in decision making within the council.
- 5.1.6 Not all decisions can be made by portfolio holders or the executive. Decisions which are stated as "non-executive" are put to full council or the relevant committees to be made, such as the Planning and Licensing Committees. Non-executive councillors play an important role within the council however the introduction of the Mayor and Cabinet model has reduced the responsibility of non-executive councillors.

5.2 The Role of the Mayor

- 5.2.1 As the Mayor I form part of the Executive alongside my chosen Cabinet members. In addition to my portfolio (Community Safety and Housing) I am also responsible for the following:
 - to be the principle public spokesperson for the council,
 - to give overall policy direction to the Council,
 - to appoint the Executive and Deputy Mayor,
 - to decide on the scheme of delegation for Executive functions,
 - to chair meetings of the Executive,
 - to represent the local authority on such external bodies as the Mayor and/or the Council decides
 - to attend civic and ceremonial functions,
 - if the Cabinet is inquorate, it will be open to the Mayor to make any decision having regard to the views expressed by the Members of the Cabinet present

5.3 The Role of Council and Non-Executive Councillors

- 5.3.1 It is vital that there is the optimum number of members to ensure that local people are properly represented yet non-executive functions are carried out as efficiently and effectively as possible.
- 5.3.2 The number of decisions that must be taken to full council has reduced with the advent of the Mayor and Cabinet system. However there are roles for councillors within the democratic structures other than the executive roles.
- 5.3.3 These democratic roles within the council include:
 - Overview and Scrutiny function. It is prohibited by law for executive members to be on any of the committees. This is to ensure that a transparent inspection can be conducted without bias and the Executive can be held to account for the decisions that are made.
 - Participating in Full Council which sets the broad policy and budgetary framework.
 - Involvement in non-executive decision making through membership on the Standard's Committee or General Purpose Committee (and a Staffing and Appeals sub committee) or on one or more of the Council's Regulatory Committees, for instance the Licensing or Planning Committees.
 - The Council also has in place a Constitution Committee (and an underpinning working group), and Contract Scrutiny Committee
- 5.3.4 In total, members sit on approximately 35 committees or bodies within the council, excluding any executive committees. Attached as Appendix 1 to this report are the attendance figures for all councillors at those forums and committees enshrined in the constitution.
- 5.3.5 In addition to the above roles, members also represent the council on approximately 82 outside bodies or organisations. Around two thirds of these outside bodies are made in order to benefit the effectiveness of the council and the remaining third being to strengthen the voice of the organisation that the member then represents. Please see Appendix 1 for a list of these outside bodies.
- 5.3.6 There are a large number of various bodies that members may be involved with. However, by far the most important role of a councillor is that of representational and leadership role in their local community.

5.4 Council Bodies and Committees at Present

5.4.1 As mentioned above there are currently approximately 35 non-executive bodies or committees within the council. This increases to 45 committees or bodies when executive functions are incorporated.

- 5.4.2 The estimated number of individual attendances by councillors per annum is currently 3225. This includes 480 attendances at full council and 270 attendances for members of the executive. This equates to 2955 non-executive councillor attendances per annum. Although actual attendance for the last year was only 1976. Please see Appendix 1 for a full breakdown of member attendance.
- 5.4.3 Irrespective of the current review on council size, there is an urgent need to review the number of council meetings, bodies, and committees that are currently active due to the high demand on councillors' time. There is also a significant amount of officer time linked with these meetings as it requires officers to organise meetings and attendances, write and distribute reports, take minutes and so forth.
- 5.4.4 I have drafted an options paper for discussion with my portfolio holder for Performance in order that we can put proposals to council. As stated previously having reduced the council management structure by a third I feel it is entirely appropriate that councillor numbers are also reduced by a third. The main principle that I am working to is to avoid any impact on service delivery. Clearly this then involved reviewing the number of non-executive committees, their membership, and the number of meetings per year.
- 5.4.5 As stated in the White Paper Modern Local Government: in touch with people, councillors are "over burdened, often unproductively, by committee meetings which focus on details rather than concentrating on essentials."
- 5.4.6 Interestingly, when the number of actual councillor attendances are recorded for the previous year the number is significantly less with only 2213 attendances rather than the proposed 3225 attendances. If the level of committee and meeting attendance is further examined, it can be seen attendance for executive functions was 88%. However for non-executive functions out of the 2955 meetings only 1976 were attended, this places non-executive attendance at 67%. Therefore approximately one third of all non-executive committees are not being attended. Please see Appendix 1 for exact attendance figures.
- 5.4.7 This would suggest that meetings and committees where there are actual decision making and accountability are far better attended than others. This may imply that councillors only give low priority or relevance to the high number of non-decision making committees and meetings.
- 5.4.8 Reducing the number of council meetings, bodies, and committees may also act to increase accountability as it provides a simpler decision making structure by which responsible individuals or bodies can be identified. A consequence of the high number of non-decision making bodies within the council is there is little or no responsibility attached to

- such bodies. This often makes these bodies and committees difficult to regulate. In the instance that informal decisions are made individuals or groups are unlikely to be held to account for any such decisions.
- 5.4.9 In addition, any planned reduction in council meetings, bodies, and committees will aim to ensure that councillors are not burdened by bureaucracy and are therefore able to better attend to their duties as councillors and represent their own constituents.
- 5.4.10 Further the real value of bodies such as Constitution Committee (with an underpinning working group) in adding value to the decision making and democratic management of the authority is questionable.

5.5 Proposed Council Bodies and Committees

- 5.5.1 I propose to reduce the number of council committees and meetings. For a full list of my proposed changes to council committees please see Appendix 2.
- 5.5.2 One key area for my proposal to reduce committees is the in the Overview and Scrutiny function. There are currently six Scrutiny Forums, and membership of these forums often overlaps. Within these six forums 15 investigations were conducted in 2009/10. I propose reducing the number of Scrutiny Forums from six to three.

Figure 1- Proposed Scrutiny Forums

| Body | Number of Members | Number of Meetings | New Proposed Number of Individual Attendances by Members |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Scrutiny Co-ordinating Committee | 7 | 4 | 28 |
| Child and Adult's Services Scrutiny Forum | 9 | 11 | 99 |
| Regeneration and Neighbourhoods Scrutiny Forum | 9 | 11 | 99 |
| Total | | 26 | 226 |

- 5.5.3 I propose restructuring the Scrutiny Forums to reflect the new departmental structure of the council. On average all the previous Scrutiny Forums meet 11 times a year so I'm proposing to keep the same number of members per committee and the same average number of meetings.
- 5.5.4 Scrutiny Co-ordinating Committee is made up of the chair of the committee appointed by council and the chairs and vice chairs of the

Scrutiny Forums plus one other member from each of the forums. The reduction in the number of Scrutiny Forums automatically reduces the number of councillors on the Scrutiny Co-ordinating Committee. The core role of the Scrutiny Co-ordinating Committee is to coordinate and in order to do so I believe that they only need to meet twice a year for that purpose. Once to review performance of the previous year, and to set the work programme for the coming year, and another to review performance during the course of the year. As the Scrutiny Co-ordinating Committee will also be responsible for the "back office" functions of the council I consider it appropriate that two further meetings a year are held for those issues.

- 5.5.5 Reducing the number of Scrutiny Forums to three will reduce the number of meetings per annum from 78 to 26. This in turn will reduce the number of projected attendances by individual councillors from 856 to 226.
- 5.5.6 The quality of council functions does not need to be diminished by these proposed reductions. Hertfordshire County Council (a county of one million people) has recently successfully reduced its Scrutiny Committees from six to two and has changed the way Scrutiny operates within their authority. Despite only having two Scrutiny Committees they still undertake 25 investigations a year. They have also reduced the length of reports and frequency of meetings to encourage more members to become involved. The meetings although less frequent are held in a "café style" lasting for a day which has positively increased engagement from members. This streamlined approach has reduced time spent by members and officers on reports and in meetings but has had positive results for the Scrutiny Function. In fact Hertfordshire County Council received the Local Government Association sponsored award for overall impact at the Centre for Public Scrutiny's (CfPS) recent scrutiny awards. For more details on the Hertfordshire County Council example please see Appendix 3.
- 5.5.7 The above example of Hertfordshire County Council demonstrates how the Scrutiny function can be streamlined to produce efficient and effective results. As previously described reducing the number of Scrutiny Forums to three reflects the management structure of the council and will be more efficient and effective. I believe that this example from Hertfordshire clearly shows that this new structure will easily be capable of carrying out the 15 investigations a year that we currently undertake.
- 5.5.8 We are one of only two authorities in the world (or so I am lead to believe) that has a Contract Scrutiny Committee. It is not necessary and does not perform any useful function I therefore propose that this committee is removed altogether and we revert back to the constitutional requirements for three members to be present when contracts are opened.

Figure 2- Proposed Contract Scrutiny Committee

| Body | Number of Members | Number of Meetings | New Proposed Number of Individual Attendances by Members |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Contract Scrutiny Committee | 3 | 24 | 72 |

5.5.9 The Constitution Committee as the name suggests keeps our Constitution under review. The manner in which it works is inefficient and works to little effect. In my view it needs only meet once a year prior to the annual general meeting to ensure that the Constitution remains fit for purpose. The Committee is supported by a Constitution Working Group, made up of the same members. It serves little useful purpose therefore I would propose it be disbanded.

Figure 3- Proposed Constitution Committee

| Body | Number of Members | Number of Meetings | New Proposed Number of Individual Attendances by Members |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Constitution Committee | 11 | 1 | 11 |
| Constitution Working Group | 0 | 0 | 0 |

5.5.10 For the three Neighbourhood Consultative Forums and the three Police and Community Safety Forums all members are represented on both types of forum. Therefore a reduction in the number of councillors will automatically reduce the number of members on those forums. Please note that depending on the final configuration of councillors and ward boundaries the distribution of members may change across the forums.

Figure 4- Proposed Neighbourhood Consultative Forums and Proposed Police and Community Safety Consultative Forums

| Body | Number of Members | Number of Meetings | New Proposed Number of Individual Attendances by Members |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| North Neighbourhood Consultative Forum | 10 | 6 | 60 |
| Central Neighbourhood Consultative Forum | 12 | 6 | 72 |
| South Neighbourhood Consultative Forum | 10 | 6 | 60 |
| North Police and Community Safety Consultative Forums | 10 | 4 | 40 |
| Central Police and Community Safety Consultative Forums | 12 | 4 | 48 |
| South Police and Community Safety Consultative Forums | 10 | 4 | 40 |
| Total | | 30 | 320 |

5.5.11 For 2009/10 Planning Committee consisted of 16 members with a quorum for meetings of 7 members. They have struggled to achieve the quorum on a number of occasions and therefore have now increased the number of members to 18, but left the quorum the same. In my view this is not an adequate reason to have such a high number of members on a committee, with the quorum now being only 39% of the membership. I proposed that the membership be reduced to 11, thus providing a more reasonable quorum of 64% of membership. 11 members should be perfectly capable of carrying out the necessary workload, and you will see from the actual attendances shown in Appendix 1 that this is the average number of attendances per meeting in any event. I see no reason why Licensing would require a greater number of members than Planning Committee therefore I propose the numbers on Licensing Committee also be set at 11.

Figure 5- Proposed Planning and Licensing Committees

| Body | Number of Members | Number of Meetings | New Proposed Number of Individual Attendances by Members |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Planning Committee | 11 | 13 | 143 |
| Licensing Committee | 11 | 4 | 44 |

- 5.5.12 Taking into account all of the above proposals this would equate to a reduction of councillor attendances to 1,915. This is a little less than the 2,213 attendances for the past year, but this therefore makes more time available for councillors' representative work.
- 5.5.13 This reduction in council bodies and committees will compliment a smaller council size. The reduction in council committees will allow for a reduced number of members to efficiently and effectively operate without adding to their current workload.

6 Electoral Representation

- 6.1 The December 2009 electoral register shows that within Hartlepool 41% of wards have electorate variances of more than 10% from the average. Please see Figure 6 for the current and future electorate and variances.
- 6.2 With no changes to the current electoral arrangements this variance is set only to increase.
- 6.3 There are approximately 69,416 electors within the Borough of Hartlepool. With the current 47 councillors this equates to 1,477 electorates per councillor. The UK average for councillor:elector ratio is 2,860 electorates per councillor. Even with the forecast 2016 electorate increases the councillor:elector ratio is still significantly lower than the UK average with 1,516 electorates per councillor.
- 6.4 A reduction from 47 councillors to 32 would still provide for higher level of representation that the UK average. Using the 2016 electorate predictions this smaller council size would equate to 2,227 electors per councillor.

Figure 6 Current and Future Electorate and Variances

| Name of unitary ward | Number of clirs per ward | Electorate 2010 | Variance 2010 | Electorate 2016 | Variance 2016 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Brus | 3 | 4,801 | 8% | 4,976 | 9% |
| Burn Valley | 3 | 4,167 | -6% | 4,149 | -9% |
| Dyke House | 3 | 3,464 | -22% | 3,300 | -27% |
| Elwick | 1 | 1,683 | 14% | 1,702 | 12% |
| Fens | 3 | 4,070 | -8% | 4,072 | -10% |
| Foggy Furze | 3 | 3,850 | -13% | 3,987 | -12% |
| Grange | 3 | 4,112 | -7% | 4,124 | -9% |
| Greatham | 1 | 1,713 | 16% | 1,698 | 12% |
| Hart | 3 | 5,148 | 16% | 5,508 | 21% |
| Owton | 3 | 4,081 | -8% | 4,076 | -10% |
| Park | 3 | 4,636 | 5% | 4,754 | 5% |
| Rift House | 3 | 4,630 | 4% | 4,735 | 4% |
| Rossmere | 3 | 4,734 | 7% | 4,817 | 6% |
| Saint Hilda | 3 | 4,312 | -3% | 4,299 | -5% |
| Seaton | 3 | 5,253 | 19% | 5,188 | 14% |
| Stranton | 3 | 3,996 | -10% | 5,124 | 13% |
| Throston | 3 | 4,766 | 8% | 4,739 | 4% |
| Total: | 47 | 69,416 | | 71,248 | |

- 6.5 An important requirement is to ensure that there is equal electoral representation across the borough. Therefore the councillor:elector ratio should be as similar as possible across the borough of Hartlepool.
- 6.6 With the 2016 electorate forecast of 71,248 and the proposed 32 councillors this would give a councillor:elector ratio of 1:2227, which remains below the UK average.

7 Ward Boundaries, Community Identity and Interests

- 7.1 In order to reduce the number of councillors from 47 to 32 it is proposed to change the number of wards from 17 to 12.
- 7.2 At this early stage in the Boundary Review consultation this submission is only putting forward a proposal for council size. It will therefore require further considerations and consultation as to the boundary changes required to create the proposed 12 wards.
- 7.3 There are many different communities and geographical areas within the 17 wards of Hartlepool and any changes to the ward boundaries should take community identity and interests into account.

8 Conclusions

- 8.1 This submission for a proposed reduction in council size has taken into consideration the following:
 - Electoral Representation
 - Community Identity
 - Effective and Convenient Local Government
 - Number of Councillors in each ward or division
- 8.2 This submission proposes reducing the size of the council from 47 members to 32 members. This would be achieved through creating 10 wards each with three members and two single member wards. The reduction of councillors is in line with similar reorganisation across the council, notably the reduction in council departments and chief officers by a third.
- 8.3 A council size of 32 would provide an average councillor:elector ratio of 1: 2227 which still provides more electoral representation than the UK average.
- 8.4 I have proposed a reduction in the number of council committees and believe that this would complement a reduced council size. This would allow for councillors to be more efficient and would reduce the burden of bureaucracy that is caused by excessive meetings and committees.
- 8.5 I previously proposed this reduction in council size in the last Electoral Review and gained wide support. At the time, it was stated that the reduction in council size was not suitable due to the recent change to a Mayoral system. In 2010 I wish to resubmit the proposal for a reduction in council size and I argue that this reduction in council size forms part of the overall reorganisation of Hartlepool Borough Council, as shown by the reduction in the council management structure. Further, I feel that the Mayoral and Executive system in place in Hartlepool is well established and with the new council management structure can be run more effectively with a reduction in council size.

Appendix 1

Council Meetings and Committees

| Body | Number of Members 2009/10 | No of Meetings held 2009/10 | Projected Number of Individual attendances by Members in 2009/10 | Actual attendance 2009/10 | Percentage of Actual Attendance 2009/10 |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Council | 48 including Mayor | 10 | 480 | 365 | 76% |
| Cabinet | 7 | 24 | 168 | 139 | 83% |
| Community Safety & Housing Portfolio | 1 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 100% |
| Transport & Neighbourhoods Portfolio | 1 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 100% |
| Regeneration & Economic Development Portfolio | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 100% |
| Culture, Leisure and Tourism | 1 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 100% |
| Children's Services Portfolio | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 100% |
| Adult and Public Health Portfolio | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 100% |
| Finance and Performance Portfolio | 1 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 100% |
| Joint Portfolio | 2 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 83% |
| Grants Committee | 3 | 5 | 15 | 15 | 100% |
| Planning Committee | 16 | 13 | 208 | 151 | 73% |
| Audit Committee | 7 | 5 | 35 | 25 | 71% |
| Contract Scrutiny Committee | 9 | 24 | 216 | 139 | 64% |
| General Purposes Committee | 9 | 6 | 54 | 52 | 96% |

| General | Marian | 144 | 100 | 1== | Т |
|--|--------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| The state of the s | Varies | 11 | 63 | 57 | 90% |
| Purposes | 1 | ** | | | |
| Appeals and | | 1 | | | |
| Staffing | | | | | |
| Committee | | | | | |
| Licensing | 15 | 4 | 60 | 37 | 62% |
| Committee | | | | | |
| Constitution | 11 | 7 | 77 | 49 | 64% |
| Committee | | | | | |
| Constitution | 11 | 9 | 99 | 63 | 64% |
| Working Group | | 19 | | | |
| Civic Honours | 9 | 2 | 18 | 18 | 100% |
| Committee | | | | 1.0 | 10070 |
| Standards | 7 | 7 | 49 | 40 | 82% |
| Committee | | | | 10 | 02 /0 |
| North | 15 | 6 | 90 | 36 | 40% |
| Neighbourhood | | | | 30 | 40 /0 |
| Consultative | 1 | | | | |
| Forum | | 1 | | | |
| Central | 18 | 6 | 108 | 60 | FC0/ |
| Neighbourhood | 10 | " | 100 | 80 | 56% |
| Consultative | | 1 | 1 | | 20 |
| Forum | | | | | |
| South | 13 | 6 | 78 | | 700/ |
| Neighbourhood | 13 | 0 | 10 | 56 | 72% |
| Consultative | | | 1 | | |
| Forum | | | | | 1 |
| Pride In | 5 | 8 | 10 | | - |
| Hartlepool | 5 | 0 | 40 | 28 | 70% |
| | 16 | 00 | 250 | | |
| Scrutiny Co- | 10 | 22 | 352 | 217 | 62% |
| ordinating Committee | | | | | |
| Children's | | _ | 0.1 | | |
| | 9 | 9 | 81 | 57 | 70% |
| Services | | | | | |
| Scrutiny Forum | | | | | |
| Regeneration | 9 | 9 | 81 | 51 | 63% |
| and Planning | | | | | |
| Services | | | | | |
| Scrutiny Forum | | | | | 10 |
| Adult and | 9 | 12 | 108 | 61 | 56% |
| Community | | | | | |
| Services | | | | | |
| Scrutiny Forum | | | | | |
| Health Scrutiny | 9 | 13 | 117 | 66 | 56% |
| Forum | | | | | |
| Neighbourhood | 9 | 13 | 117 | 76 | 65% |
| Services | | | | 2.3-2 | |
| Scrutiny Forum | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | 2 |
| | | | | 1 | |

| Corporate | 7 | 4 | 28 | 17 | 61% |
|---------------------------|--------|---|------|----------|------------------|
| Parent Forum | | | | | |
| Conservation | 2 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 38% |
| Area Advisory | | | | | |
| Committee | | | | | 1001 |
| Central Police | 18 | 4 | 72 | 31 | 43% |
| and Community | | | | | |
| Safety | | | | | |
| Consultative | | | | | |
| Forum | 4.5 | 4 | 00 | 0.4 | 400/ |
| North Police | 15 | 4 | 60 | 24 | 40% |
| and Community | | | | | |
| Safety | | | | | |
| Consultative | | | | | |
| Forum | 13 | 4 | 52 | 27 | 52% |
| South Police | 13 | 4 | 32 | 21 | 32 /0 |
| and Community | | | | | |
| Safety Consultative | | 1 | | | |
| Forum | | | | | |
| Appointments | Varies | 8 | 77 | 64 | 83% |
| Panel | Variou | " | 1 | | 0070 |
| Central | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 100% |
| Neighbourhood | 100 | | NAVS | Access 1 | 0.01451890.08189 |
| Consultative | | | | | |
| Forum Parish | | | | | |
| Liaison Meeting | | | | | |
| Licensing Act | 3 | 9 | 27 | 27 | 100% |
| Sub- | | | | | |
| Committees | | | | | |
| Hackney | 5 | 8 | 40 | 33 | 83% |
| Carriage Sub- | | | | | |
| Committee | | | | - | 000/ |
| Hartlepool | 4 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 63% |
| United | | | | | |
| Executive | | | | | |
| Committee | 9 | 3 | 27 | 14 | 52% |
| Local Joint | 9 | 3 | 21 | 14 | 32 /0 |
| Consultative Committee | | | | | |
| South | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 100% |
| Neighbourhood | at: | _ | | - | 10070 |
| Consultative | | | | | |
| Forum Parish | | | | | |
| Liaison Meeting | | | | | |
| Consideration | Varies | 5 | 9 | 9 | 100% |
| (Standards) | | | | | |
| Sub-Committee | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Emergency Planning Joint Committee | 1 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 75% |
|--|--------|---|------|------|------|
| Assessment (Standards) Sub-Committee | Varies | 9 | 14 | 14 | 100% |
| Review (Standards) Sub-Committee | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100% |
| TOTALS | | | 3225 | 2213 | 69% |

List of Outside Bodies 2010 - 2011

| Organisational Body | Councillor Membership |
|--|-----------------------|
| Archives Joint Committee | 1 Member |
| | |
| Cleveland Emergency Planning Joint Committee | 1 Member |
| Association of North East Councils | 2 Members |
| Executive | 1 Member |
| | 1 Wichiber |
| Hartlepool Economic Forum | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool Partnership | 7 Members |
| Hartlepool Revival Board | 1 Member |
| Local Government Association | |
| General Assembly | 2 Members |
| Urban Commission | 1 Member |
| Rural Commission | 1 Member |
| North Tees and Hartlepool NHS Foundation Trust | 1 Member |
| Safer Hartlepool Partnership | 4 Members |
| Executive | 1 Member |
| Tees Valley Leaders & Chief Executives Meeting | 2 Members |
| Tees Valley Unlimited | |
| Leadership Board | 1 Member |
| Planning and Economic Strategy | 1 Member |
| Transport Tees Valley | 1 Member |
| Housing Board | 1 Member |

| Regional Flood Defence Committee (Rotates 2-yearly with Redcar and Cleveland Borough Council) | 1 Member |
|---|---|
| Schools Admission Forum | 5 members of the Children's Services Scrutiny Forum |
| Tall Ships Board | |
| Executive Members | 4 Members of the Executive |
| Non-Executive Members | 7 members |
| Tees Valley Joint Health Scrutiny Committee | 3 Members of Health Scrutiny Forum |
| Tees Valley Local Access Forum | 1 member |
| Association for Public Service Excellence | 2 Members |
| Durham Coast Rail Line Steering Group | 1 Member |
| Durham Heritage Coast Partnership Steering Group | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool and District Sports Council | 3 Members |
| Hartlepool Power Station Community Liaison Committee | 4 Members |
| Housing Hartlepool | 4 Members |
| HMS Trincomalee Trust | 2 Members |
| (3 year term expires 2011) | |
| National Society for Clean Air | 3 Members |
| Museums Libraries Archives North East | 1 Member |
| Northern Consortium of Housing Authorities | 2 Members |
| North East Strategic Migration Partnership | 1 Member |
| North East Rural Affairs Commission | 1 Member |
| Regional Arts Council | 1 Member |
| Standing Advisory Council for Religious Education | 2 Members |

| Tees Valley Arts – Board of Directors | 1 Member |
|---|-----------|
| North East Purchasing Organisation | 3 Members |
| Cleveland Police Authority | 3 Members |
| Cleveland Police Joint Committee | 4 Members |
| North Eastern Sea Fisheries Committee | 1 Member |
| Local Joint Consultative Committee | 9 Members |
| National Association of Councillors | |
| Northern Branch | 3 Members |
| General Management Committee | 3 Members |
| North East Regional Employers Organisation | 3 Members |
| Executive | 1 Member |
| Teesside Pension Fund | 1 Member |
| Tees Valley Environmental Protection Group | 3 Members |
| Together Project Steering Group | 5 Members |
| Age Concern Teesside | 1 Member |
| Brierton Community Sports Centre Management Committee | 1 Member |
| Cleveland Fire Authority | 4 Members |
| Durham Tees Valley Airport Board | 1 Member |
| Durham Tees Valley Airport Consultative Committee | 1 Member |
| Furness Seamen's Pension Fund | 2 Members |
| Hartbeat (Barnado's) | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool Access Group | 2 Members |
| Hartlepool Carers | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool Citizen's Advice Bureau | 2 Members |

| Hartlepool Deaf Centre | 2 Members |
|---|---|
| Hartlepool Fair Trade Town Steering Group | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool Families First | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool Indoor Bowling Club | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool People Centre | 1 Member |
| Hartlepool Voluntary Development Agency | 3 Members |
| Hartlepool War Memorial and Crosby Homes | 1 Member |
| Henry Smith Educational Trust | 4 Members |
| Heugh Battery Trust | 1 Member |
| Merchant Navy Welfare Board | 1 Member |
| New Deal for Communities Steering Group | 3 Members |
| North Tees Women's Aid | 1 Member |
| Northern Regional Brass Band Trust | 1 Member |
| Outdoor Bowls Consortium | 2 Members |
| Owton Fens Community Association | 2 Members |
| Owton Rossmere Community Enterprise Limited | 1 Member |
| PATCH Management Committee | 1 Member |
| Preston Simpson Scholarship in Music | 3 Members |
| River Tees Port Health Authority | 2 Members |
| Sarah Alice Todd Charity | 2 Members |
| Seaton Community Centre | 3 Members |
| SITA Board | 1 Member |
| | |
| Sterndale Scholarship | 2 Members of the Children's Services Scrutiny Forum |

| The Studio Management Committee | 1 Member |
|---|-----------|
| Teesside Environmental Trust | 1 Member |
| Teesmouth Field Centre | 1 Member |
| Tees Valley Community Foundation – Grant Giving Panel | 1 Member |
| Victoria and Jubilee Homes | 4 Members |
| West View Advice and Resource | 1 Member |
| West View Project | 3 Members |

Appendix 2- Proposed Council Meetings and Committees

| Body | Proposed Number of Members | Proposed Number of Meetings | Proposed Number of Individual attendances by Members | Actual attendance 2009/10 |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Council | 33including Mayor | 10 | 330 | 365 |
| Cabinet | 7 | 24 | 168 | 139 |
| Community Safety & Housing Portfolio | 1 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Transport & Neighbourhoods Portfolio | 1 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Regeneration & Economic Development Portfolio | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Culture, Leisure and Tourism | 1 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Children's Services Portfolio | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Adult and Public Health Portfolio | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Finance and Performance Portfolio | 1 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Joint Portfolio | 2 | 3 | 6 | 5 |
| Grants Committee | 3 | 5 | 15 | 15 |
| Planning Committee | 11 | 13 | 143 | 151 |
| Audit Committee | 7 | 5 | 35 | 25 |
| Contract Scrutiny Committee | 3 | 24 | 72 | 139 |
| General Purposes Committee | 9 | 6 | 54 | 52 |
| General Purposes Appeals and Staffing Committee | Varies | 11 | 63 | 57 |
| Licensing Committee | 11 | 4 | 44 | 37 |
| Constitution Committee | 11 | 1 | 11 | 49 |
| Constitution Working Group | Disbanded | | | 63 |

| Civic Honours | 9 | 2 | 18 | 18 |
|---------------------------------|--------|----|-------|----------------|
| Committee | | | | |
| Standards | 7 | 7 | 49 | 40 |
| Committee | | | | |
| North | 10 | 6 | 60 | 36 |
| Neighbourhood Consultative | | | | |
| Forum | | 4 | | |
| Central | 12 | 6 | 70 | 100 |
| Neighbourhood | 12 | 0 | 72 | 60 |
| Consultative | | | | |
| Forum | | | | |
| South | 10 | 6 | 60 | 56 |
| Neighbourhood | 10 | | | 30 |
| Consultative | | | | |
| Forum | | | | |
| Pride In Hartlepool | 5 | 8 | 40 | 28 |
| Scrutiny Co- | 7 | 4 | 28 | 217 |
| ordinating | | | | 12140886793.17 |
| Committee | | | | |
| Child and Adults | 9 | 11 | 99 | 184 |
| Services Scrutiny | | | | |
| Forum | 0 | 14 | | |
| Regeneration and | 9 | 11 | 99 | 127 |
| Neighbourhood Scrutiny Forum | | | | |
| Corporate Parent | 7 | 4 | 28 | 17 |
| Forum | 1 | 4 | 20 | 17 |
| Conservation Area | 2 | 4 | 8 | 3 |
| Advisory | _ | 1 | J | " |
| Committee | | | | |
| Central Police and | 12 | 4 | 48 | 31 |
| Community Safety | 751263 | 26 | 3,775 | |
| Consultative | | | | |
| Forum | | | | - |
| North Police and | 10 | 4 | 40 | 24 |
| Community Safety | | | 2 | |
| Consultative | | | | |
| Forum | 10 | | 10 | |
| South Police and | 10 | 4 | 40 | 27 |
| Community Safety Consultative | | | | |
| Forum | | | | |
| Appointments | Varies | 8 | 77 | 64 |
| Panel | varios | | ' ' | 04 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Central Neighbourhood Consultative Forum Parish Liaison Meeting | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
|---|--------|---|------|------|
| Licensing Act Sub-Committees | 3 | 9 | 27 | 27 |
| Hackney Carriage Sub-Committee | 5 | 8 | 40 | 33 |
| Hartlepool United Executive Committee | 4 | 2 | 8 | 5 |
| Local Joint Consultative Committee | 9 | 3 | 27 | 14 |
| South Neighbourhood Consultative Forum Parish Liaison Meeting | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Consideration (Standards) Sub- Committee | Varies | 5 | 9 | 9 |
| Emergency Planning Joint Committee | 1 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Assessment (Standards) Sub- Committee | Varies | 9 | 14 | 14 |
| Review (Standards) Sub- Committee | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| TOTALS | | | 1915 | 2213 |

Appendix 3-

Online Report of Hertfordshire County Council Scrutiny Restructure

This can be found online at: http://www.lga.gov.uk/lga/core/page.do?pageId=12787560

A watching brief



Scrutiny teams don't have to be big to be effective, writes Cllr Alan Searing

With only two officers supporting scrutiny in our large authority, and in response to concerns about scrutiny's effectiveness and impact, Hertfordshire county council decided to streamline its structure and processes.

Over an 18-month period, based on the views of those participating in scrutiny, we reduced the number of scrutiny committees from six to just two, and changed how we did things.

For example, inquiries are now more focused and linked to the corporate plan, with a clear objective, a small number of questions to be addressed, desired outcomes specified, and constraints identified (in other words, areas that the scrutiny is not covering). A detailed timetable is produced and thorough member briefings take place in advance of meetings.

Short and succinct

Rather than spending weeks or months on long-running investigations, with meetings lasting a couple of hours, we now hold one or two whole-day meetings. These gather evidence and produce short reports - because short reports are more likely to be read by decision makers than longer ones.

Around six pages long, these focus on the conclusions and recommendations (a link to all the minutes and all the evidence presented is included). Recommendations are limited to no more than eight, and must be robust, pragmatic and achievable. Officers involved in the scrutiny have an input into the report, and we follow up with a six-month progress check on implementation and the effectiveness of the recommendations.

All these factors mean scrutiny findings are likely to be implemented. Scrutiny of the council's budget has also changed, from a mechanistic meeting in the council chamber to a 'scrutiny café' approach, which has involved more people and produced more effective recommendations.

We sought to replicate what it would be like to hold a meeting somewhere like Costa Coffee. One of the factors in the budget scrutiny's success was keeping everyone well fed on Danish pastries, topped up with plenty of cups of coffee!

What also made it more effective was having a whole day spent scrutinising the budget, rather than just a couple of hours. Around 50 of our 77 elected members were involved, including all the executive, plus all chief officers and a further 30 senior officers.

They were supplied with the most concise finance reports ever produced for the budget process - thanks to scrutiny guidelines stipulating they should be just two sides long, and focused on the key issues. And at the end of the day, members' proposed recommendations were summarised to ensure 'buy in' from all the participants - something we do at the end of every scrutiny, and which removes the need for a separate meeting to agree recommendations.

This year, we will be spending more than two days on the budget to give backbench members even more time to examine the issues involved.

We believe our scrutiny team is the smallest in a top tier authority, but it still undertakes 25 inquiries a year. The success of the review of its work has not only made scrutiny more effective and valued by a range of stakeholders, but also won us plaudits - with Hertfordshire picking up the LG Association-sponsored award for overall impact at the Centre for Public Scrutiny's (CfPS) recent scrutiny awards.

The judges concluded that the county council had been realistic about the low level of resources available for scrutiny, and had adopted new ways of working that make the most of them.

Our entry demonstrated that it was possible to develop a different approach to scrutiny that was "leaner, tighter, more focused and was achieving more for less".

Cllr Alan Searing (Con) is chair of Hertfordshire county council's overview and scrutiny committee. See www.cfps.org.uk for the full list of scrutiny award winners